

1. GENERAL KNOWLEDGE (WORLD)

1.18 PRIZE AND AWARDS

Name	Instituted in	Particulars
Noble	1901	Established in 1895 and named after Alfred Bernhard Nobel, a chemical engineer, Awarded annually on December 10 for outstanding work in the fields of (i) Physics, (ii) Chemistry, (iii) Physiology and Medicine, (iv) Literature, (v) Peace, and (vi) Economics.
Pulitzer Prize	1917	Named after the US publisher Joseph Pulitzer. Conferred annually in the USA for outstanding work in Journalism, Literature and Music.
Magsaysay Award	1957	Named after Ramon Magsaysay, President of the Philippines. Conferred annually on August 31, for outstanding contributions in Public Service, Community Leadership, Journalism, Literature and Creative Arts, and International Understanding.
Templeton	1972	Named after John, M Templeton, a Presbyterian of Nassau, Bahamas. Conferred for progress in religion.
Jawaharlal Nehru Award	1965	Conferred by the Government of India for outstanding contributions in the promotion of international understanding, goodwill and friendship.
Right Livelihood Award	1980	Instituted by Jakob Von Vexkull, a Swedish-German writer, it is also called the 'Alternative Noble Prize'. Conferred annually for practical and exemplary solutions to real problems of today.
Booker Prize	1968	It is a prestigious literary award conferred annually by

		the Booker company and the British Publishers Association.
Oscar	1929	Conferred annually by the Academy of Motion Pictures, Arts and Sciences.
Jesse Owens Global	1992	To honour individuals with a sports background who have made significant and lasting contribution to society.
Kalinga Award	1952	Set up at the initiative of Mr Biju Patnaik, the founder of Kalinga Foundation Trust in Orissa. It is conferred for popularisation of science by UNESCO.
World Food Prize	1979	The award was conceived By Dr Norman Borlaug and financed by the Kraft General Foods. It is conferred annually by the Washington-based Selection committee.
Mahatma Gandhi Peace	1995	Instituted by the Government of India to mark the 125 th anniversary of Prize Mahatma Gandhi. It is worth US D 10,000, conferred on an individual who contributes important literary and artistic work to the cause. The Prize money was raised from a donation by Madanjeet Singh, well known writer, photographer and scholar who has been special advisor to UNESCO's Director-General on Culture. The award is along the line of Noble Prizes.
UN Human Rights Award		1966 The award is given every five years for individual contributions to the establishment of human rights.
Golden Globe Award		Conferred by the Hollywood Foreign Press Association, it is given annually for creditable efforts in film direction.
Golden bear Award		The award is given annually

		for the best film and best cine actors.
Simon Boliver Prize		The prize is given to individuals fighting for freedom, independence and dignity of people.
David Cohen Award		It is the biggest literary award of Britain.
Own Global Prize	1993	This award is given biennially to an individual who has made significant and lasting contributions of enduring quality to society from the background of sports. The inaugural award was given in 1993 to Juan Antonio Samaranch, president of IOC and second was given in 1995 to Dr Nelson Mandela.
Palme Prize		Instituted in the memory of the slain Swedish PM Ol of Palme and conferred by the Palme Foundation in Stockholm on individuals fighting for democratic and international values of high order.
UNESCO Prize for Tolerance	1995	Instituted by UNESCO for the promotion of tolerance and non-violence on the occasion of the UN Year of Tolerance and the 125 th anniversary of Mahatma Gandhi. To be known as the Madajeet Singh Prize for outstanding work on tolerance and non-violence in the fields of science, arts, culture and communication.
UNESCO Peace Award		Often called the 'Little Noble' award, it recognizes individuals or groups for their contribution to peace.
Monismanien Swedish		Awarded every two years to people who have worked for 'Freedom of Speech'.
Literary Prize		The Bangladeshi writer, Ms Taslima Nasreen, author of controversial novel 'Lajja', received the ward in 1995.